Ayashi and Ayadokoro: Organization of Kogogushiki for Handicraft Production

HORIBE Takeshi

In the Nara period, the office for serving the Empress in household ministry (Kogogushiki 皇后宫職) had some bodies for manufacturing and processing in various subordinate bodies. This is proved by Empress Komyo (光明皇后) in the Tenpyo era. One of the subordinate bodies had the organization called Ayashi (綾司) bearing Aya (綾) which was an expensive silk fabrics in ancient times. Furthermore, it was established by wooden documents (mokkan 木簡) of Heijo-kyu Palace (平城宮) that Kogogushiki had the organization called Ayadokoro (綾所) for Fujiwara no Otomuro (藤原乙牟漏) to be Empress in 782.

Accordingly, Ayashi and Ayadokoro is positioned as a specific organization of Kogogushiki.

However, historical materials that directly back up the existence of the detailed activities have not remained, *Ayashi* and *Ayadokoro* have assumed the responsibility of weaving *Aya*.

In the organization of central administration, the administration which produced expensive silk fabric such as Aya and brocade had been an Office of Textiles (*Oribe-shi* 織部司) attached to the Ministry of Finance and a Bureau of Skilled Artisans (*Takumi-ryo* 內匠寮) attached anew to the Ministry of Central Affairs (*Nakatsukasa-sho* 中務省) in 728. It is a matter of ancient family property organizations and handicraft productions, identically *Takumi-ryo* close to Emperor, whether Empress has also had the organization of taking responsibility to weave expensive silk fabrics or not. This article describes the activities and the subsequent developments of *Ayashi* and *Ayadokoro*, subordinate bodies of *Kogogushiki*. It is possible that *Ayashi* of *Kogogushiki* assigned by Emperor *Komyo* has been weaving Aya for Buddhism-related work such as donating to temples and Sutra copying. The core labor was imperial household servants (*toneri* 舎人), and the structure was mostly inherited the tradition of independent Empress.

This structure had changed and the subordinate bodies of *Kogogushiki* had reduced when *Tatibana no Kachiko* (橘嘉智子) ascended to be Empress. The production administration, the Bureau of Palace storehouses (*Kura-ryo* 内蔵寮), the Bureau of Wardrobe and Court Ladies (*Nuidoro-ryo* 縫殿寮) and the Bureau of Skilled Artisans (*Takumi-ryo* 内匠寮), reorganized in the Heian period charged with the function instead of subordinate bodies for manufacturing and processing.

Key words: Kogogushiki (Office for serving the Empress in household ministry), An Expensive

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